Tubular Surfaces with Longitudual Ribbing for Regenerators and Water Heaters of Gasetucking Sets

are arranged to flow counter to one another so as to make the best use of the temperature difference between them. longitudinal ribbing increases the rigidity of the tubes and makes them stronger, so that with relatively small increase in resistance a heat-exchanger can be constructed for higher gas speeds. The ribbing is not particularly subject to contamination and is convenient for cleaning. Accordingly, the Khar kov Turbine Works was recommended to use such tubes for their regenerator for gas turbine type By agreement with the works, the Institute of Thermal Power of the AS Ukrainian SSR made investigations of the heat transfer and resistance of longitudinally-ribbed tubes of 16 mm diameter, with ribs 12 mm high, convenient for use in the regenerator. The object of the investigation was to obtain more accurate design formulae on heat transfer and hydraulic resistance of ribbii tubes with various numbers of robs round the tube perimeter.

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Tubular Surfaces with Longitudinal Ribbing for Regenerators and Water Heaters of Gas-turbine Sets

Simultaneously, the Institut elektrosvarki imeni Ye.O.Patona AN UkrSSR (Electric Welding Institute imeni Ye.O. Paton of the AS Ukrainian SSR) developed automatic equipment for manufacturing longitudinally-ribbed tubes by welding the ribs to the plain tubes. Aluminium tubes may be made by pressing or drawing from molten metal. Heat-transfer investigations for a single ribbed tube were made in an open-circuit wind tunnel of cylindrical shape, a sketch of which is given in Fig. 2. In the test rig the tube consisted of measuring, stabilising, experimental and tail-end sections. Compressed air was obtained from a compressor and could be passed at rates from 5 to 30 m/sec. The seamless tubes and ribs were made of steel, grade 20. The tubes were electrically heated and the power input measured. The instrumentation and experimental procedures are described. The accuracy of the experiments depends very much on the correct measurement of the mean

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Tubular Surfaces with Longitudinal Ribbing for Regenerators and Water Heaters of Gas-turbine Sets

temperature of the tube surface and so particular attention must be paid to this point. An assessment of the accuracy of determination of the heat-transfer coefficient including heat lost by radiation showed that the maximum relative error is 8-10%.

Heat-transfer coefficients were determined and for comparison and generalisation the results were expressed as relationships between the Nusselt and Reynolds criteria, the resistance being also plotted as a function of the Reynolds number. The tube dimensions are tabulated. The tests were made with air-flow rates of 7 - 26 m/sec; which corresponds to Reynolds number range of 3 000 to 20 000 with a temperature difference of 30 - 75 C and with the specific thermal loading in the range 11 000 to 36 000 kcal/m hour;

Experimental heat-transfer results are plotted in Figs. 3 and 4 and it will be seen that the points tend to lie higher Card 4/7

Tubular Surfaces with Longitudinal Ribbing for Regenerators and Water Heaters of Gas-turbine Sets

as the ratio of length to equivalent diameter is decreased. For all tubes investigated the heat-transfer results are satisfactorily described by expression (1). Resistance tests were made under isothermal conditions. test results plotted in Fig. 5 show that within the limits of experimental error the mesistance follows the usual relationship for smooth tubes given by expression (3). Comparison between ribbed and smooth tubes shows that the ribbed tubes have considerable advantages in weight, volume and heat-This is particularly noticeable transfer characteristics. when the thermal resistance of the heat-transfer medium flowing within the tube is small compared with the resistance to gas flowing over the outside of the ribbed surface, Comparative data were obtained by building up bundles of tubes, some smooth with longitudinal gas flow, others smooth with cross-flow of gas, and longitudinally-ribbed tubes with gas flowing along the ribbing. In each case the bundles were made Card 5/7

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S/114/61/000/001/002/009 E194/E355

Tubular Surfaces with Longitudinal Ribbing for Regenerators and Water Heaters of Gas-turbine Sets

equal in volume and in active section for passage of gas. The comparison is made in Fig. 6 and considering as unity the heat-transfer coefficient of smooth tubes with longitudinal flow, smooth tubes with a cross-flow have a coefficient of 1,2 and the longitudinally-ribbed tubes have a coefficient of 2,2, In gas-turbine regenerators the longitudinally-ribbed tubes will not give all of this improvement but the reduction is less when the heat-transfer coefficient from the air side is high, Thus, even with the present simple form of ribbing on the gas side it is necessary to intensify the heat stransfer process on the air side. A simple way is to raise the air speed by reducing the active section of the tube with light inserts. Internal ribbing could be used but would be rather difficult to make. Thus, the use of tubes with longitudinal ribbing has The use of these tubes improved the process of heat exchange for gas-turbine regenerators with high compression ratios and for gas water heaters makes it possible to preserve the

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

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S/114/61/000/001/002/009 E194/E355

Tubular Surfaces with Longitudinal Ribbing for Regenerators and Water Heaters of Gas-turbine Sets

advantages of the tubular construction. At the same time, the amount of metal used in manufacturing heat-exchangers, their size and the consumption of seamless tubes are all reduced. Acknowledgment is made to senior technician V.I. Kosov for his assistance in the experimental work. There are 6 figures, 2 tables and 2 Soviet references.

Card 7/7

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ZOZULYA, N.V. [Zozulia, M.V.]; KHAVIN, A.A. [Khavin, O.O.]; KALININ, B.L.

Heat transfer and hydraulic resistance of pipes with spirally winding fins. Zbir. prats' Inst. tepl. AN URSR no.22:11-20 (MIRA 16:6)

(Heat—Transmission) (Hydrodynamics)

KREMNEV, O.A. [Kremn'ov, O.O.]; 20ZULYA, N.V. [Zomulia, M.V.]

Intensification of heat losses in longitudinal flow past transversely perforated plates. Dop. AN URSR no.4:484-486 '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Institut teploenergetiki AN USSR. Predstavleno akademikom
AN USSR I.T.Shvetsom [Shvets', I.T.].
(Heat--Convection) (Hydrodynamics)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 PPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510011-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510010010-8 CIA-RDP86-00510010010-8 CIA-RDP86-00510010010-8 CIA-RDP86-00510010010-8 CIA-RDP86-00510010-8 CIA-RDP

KREMMEV, O.A., doktor tekhn.nauk; ZOZULYA, N.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; KHAVIN, A.A., inzh.

Heat transfer of tubes with loop-wire ribbing in case of longitudinal flow around them. Energomashinostroenie 8 no.5:30-31 My '62. (MIRA 15:5)

(Heat-Transmission)

ZOZULYA, N.V. [Zozulia, M.V.]; KHAVIN, A.A. [Khavin, O.O.]; KOZUB, Yu.I.

Layout diagrams of heat exchangers made from longitudinally finned tubes.

Zbir. prats Inst. tepl. AN UESR no.24:24-32 %2. (MIEA 16:3)

(Heat exchangers)

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5/021/62/000/004/011/012 D299/D302

24,5200

AUTHORS:

Kremn'ov, 0.0., and Zozulya, M.V.

TITLE:

Intensification of heat transfer by means of vertical perforation of plates in a horizontal flow

Akademiya nauk UkrRSR. Dopovidi, no. 4, 1962, 484-486 PERIODICAL:

TEXT: The thickness of the laminar boundary-layer, as well as the formation of this layer, depend on the length of the heat transfer element. A shortening of these elements leads to intensification of heat transfer. This can be achieved by perforation of the plates which constitute the heat-transfer element. Experiments were carried out at the Institute of Heat and Power Engineering of the AS Ukrissing with various types of perforated plates, having following ratios of length a of surface element, to size b of perforation: a/b = 5/1; 10/1.5; 10/1.5; 10/1.5; 10/1.5; 10/1.5; 10/1.5; 10/2; 15/1.5; 20/2. It was found that the intensity of the heat transfer is considerably affected by a decrease in the length a, and to a much lesser extent by the size b. The best results were obtained with smallest a (a = 5). A comparative study was made of heat transfer in perforated- and in unperfora-Card 1/2

Intensification of heat transfer ...

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ted plates. It was found that the perforations increase the heat transfer by a factor of 1.75 (with $a=5\,\mathrm{mm}$). By processing the obtained data, the heat-transfer coefficient was determined by means of the function $\mathrm{Nu}=\mathrm{f(Re)}$. This function has the form

 $Nu = 0.038 \text{ Re}^{0.8}$

for tubes with perforated plates (a = 5 mm, b = 1.5 mm). It is noted that the size b should equal 1 to 1.5 mm. A further reduction in size is hardly possible from technological considerations. The above type of surface can be used for heat-transfer elements, if the heat carrier does not form precipitates on the surface of the heat-exchanger. There are 4 figures and 3 Soviet-bloc references.

VE

ASSOCIATION: Instytut teploenerhetyky AN URSR (Institute of Heat and Power Engineering of the As UkrHSR)

PRESENTED: by Academician I.T. Shvets, As UkrRSR

SUBMITTED: July 27, 1961

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ZCZULYA, L.V., kand. tekhn. nauk; SHVARTS, V.A., inzh.; KALANIN, B.L.

Heat transfer and hydraulic resistance in a bank of tubes with longitudinal ribbing. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; energ. 6 no.E:114-119 Ag '63. (MEA 16:9)

l. Institut toploonergotiki Ali UkrSSR i Khar kovskiy turbinnyy zavod imeni Kirova.

(Steam pipes)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ZOZULYA, N.V [Zozulia, M.V.]; BALITSKIY, S.A. [Balits'kyi, S.P.]

Analytical method for determining the initial thickness of a liquid layer during boiling in a downward flowing film. Dop. AN URSE no.3: 342-344 165. (MIFA 18:3)

1. Institut tekhnicheskoy teplofiziki AN UkrSSR.

L 4005-66 EWT(d)/EWT(1)/EPF(c)/EPF(n)-2/ETC(m) WW UR/0286/65/000/015/0125/0126 9

AUTHORS: Zozulya, N. V.; Minyaylenko, N. A.; Sokolov, M. A.; Chavdarev, A. S.

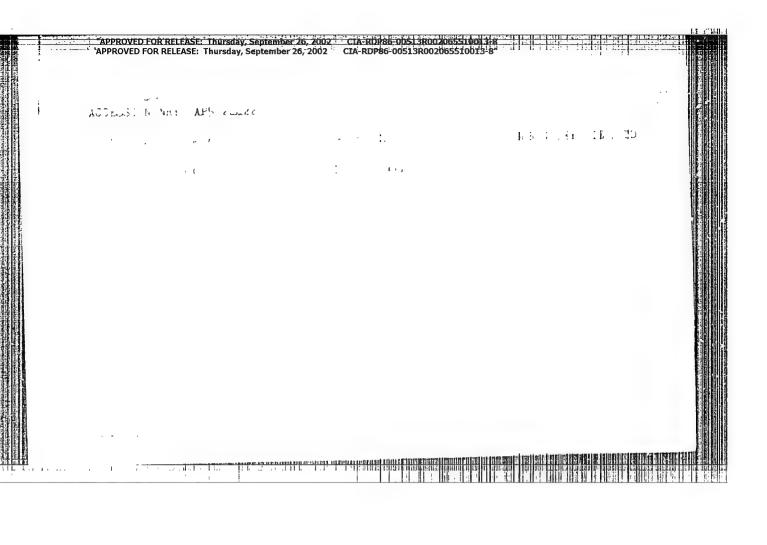
11712: Ribbed surface for timular and plate heat exchangers. Class 46, No. 173546 SCIRIE: Byilleten' izobretenig i tovarnykh znakov, no. 15, 1465, 125-126

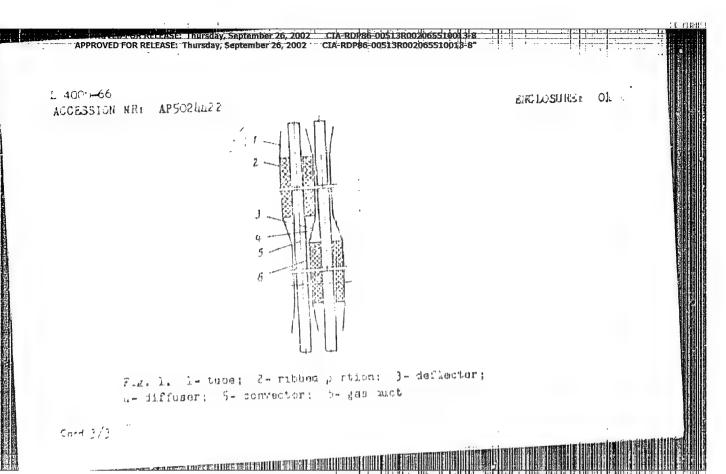
TUPIC TAGS: heat exchanger, heat diffusion, heat exchange panel

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a ribbed surface for totalar and plate neat exchangers containing parallel rows of tubes or plates [see Fig. 1 on the doclosure). To decrease the area of its frontal section and to increase its coefficient of eat obtained, the ribb on the adjacent rows of tubes or plates are axially shifted in respect to one mother, while the rows of tubes or plates are secarated by deflectors. The tubes or plates and the deflectors form defusers, conventus, and gas a cost. The tubes or plates and the deflectors form defusers, or they may be made of which if testral itsmeters. The unbest day be flattened.

Orig. art. nest 1 injure.

ASSOCIATION: Institut teploenergetiki, AN UkrSSR (Institute of Heat Power





KREENEY, C.A. [Kremniev, C.A.]; ZCZULYA, N.V.

investigating corrugated heat exchanging surfaces. Edm.prom. [Ukr.] no.2:42 Ap-Je '65. (MIRA 18:6)

मनसङ्ख्_{र विका}त्मन सम्मासाह । यो स्वर्धकार स्वर्धकारी करें स्वर् "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

PROTASHIK, Vasiliy Amsfriyevich; ZOZULYA, Nikolay Vasil'yevich, insh.; ISAYEV, Yuriy Borisovich; UDAL'TSOV, A.N., glavnyy red.; KONAREV, M.I., kand.khim.nauk; red.; PODUROVSKAYA, O.M., kand.khim.nauk, red. TOLCHINSKIY, Ye.M., inzh., red.

> [Hquipment for gauging the surface of hard objects by adsorption of radioactive carbonic acid. Device for measuring the thickness of liquid films in a vecuum. A receiver-condenser! Ustanovka dlia izmereniia poverkhnosti tverdykh veshchestv po adsorbtali radioaktivnoi uglekisloty. Pribor dlia izmereniia tolshchiny shidkikh planok v uslovijakh vakuuma. Priemnik-kondensator. Moskva, 1956. 12 p. (Pribory i stendy. Tema 8, no. P-56-439) (HIRA 11:3)

1. Moscow. Institut tekhniko-ekonomicheskoy informatsii. (Radioactive substances -- Industrial applications) (Surfaces (Technology)) (Thickness measurement) "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

AFONIN, L.A.; ZOZULYA, P.I.; MANEN'KOV, P.I.

Organizing communication channels in 6/04 kv. power-distribution networks on oil fields. Mash. i neft. obor. no.4:17-19 '65.

1. Groznenskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo i proyektno-konstruktorskogo instituta komplekanoy avtomati-zatsii neftyanoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

YEFIMENKO, O.M.; MEL'NIKOVA, T.A.; ZOZULYA, R.N.; KOSTYGOV, N.M.

Polyporenic acid A, an antibiotic from the fungus Folyporus betulinus (Bull) Karst. Antibiotiki 6 no.3:215-220 Kr '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Laboratoriya biokhimii nizshikh rasteniy (zav. - prof. P.A. Yakimov) Botanicheskogo instituta AN SSSR i kafedra farmakologii (zav. - prof. T.A.Mel'nikova) Leningradskogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta.

(ANTIBIOTICS)

SELENINA, L.V.; GLADKOV, V.I.; ZOZULYA, R.N.

Valerian culture in the Karelian Isthmus. Trudy Len. khim.-farm. inst. 12:335-343 161. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Kafedra farmakognozii i botaniki Leningradskogo khimikofarmatsevticheskogo instituta. (LENINGRAD PROVINCE—VALERIAN)

ZOZULYA, R.N.

Effect of anicaine, difacil, and tetamon "I" on the external secretory function of the pancreas. Trudy Len.khim.-farm.inst. no.13:167-173 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Kafedra farmakologii Leningradskogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta (zav. prof. T.A.Mel'nikova).
(AMMNONIUM COMPOUNDS, SURSTITUTED) (DIFACIL) (PARASYMPATHOLYTICS)
(PANCREAS)

MEL'NIKOVA, T.A.; ZOZULYA, R.N.

Pharmacology of fir balsam. Trudy Len.khim.-farm.inst. no.13:174-179 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

l. Kafedra farmakologii Leningradskogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta (zav. prof. T.A.Mel'nikova).
(BALSAMS)

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ZOZULYA, R.N.; KUZNETSOVA, G.A.; MEL'NIKOVA, T.A.; YAKIMOV, P.A.

Chemical and pahrmacological study of preparations extracted from Podophyllum Peltatum L. growing in Leningrad Province.
Trudy Len.khim.-farm.inst. no.13:245-252 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

l. Kafedra farmakologii (zav. prof. T.A. Mel'nikova) Leningradskogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo institua.

(LENINGRAD PROVINCE—PODOPHYLLUM)

ત્તાર માન્ય સ્થાન પરક સીધાલ્ય અલગામાં મોદાની પ્રદેશી તોલા ભાગાના નામ સાંદર્

DRIZGALOVICH, Yu.; ZOZULYA, S.; MALYSHKIN, K.; GOLOVKO, V. (g.Stryy

Readers' letters. Izobr.i rats. no.1:38 Ja '60. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Ispolnyayushchiy obyasannosti predsedatelya Tul'skogo oblastnog soveta Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva izobretateley i ratsionalizatorov (for Drizgalovich). 2. Fredsedatel' rayonnogo soveta Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva izobretateley i ratsionalizatorov, Riga (for Zosulya). 3. Starshiy inzhener upravleniya mashinostroyeniya Sverdlovskogo sovnarkhoza (for Malyshkin).

(Technological innovations)

RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8

ACCESSION NR: AP4041033

\$/0120/64/000/003/0126/0128

AUTHOR: Nazarenko, O. K., Zozulya, S. I., Baranov, G. V.

TITLE: Cathodes for sharp-focused electron guns for electron-besm welding

SOURCE: Pribory* i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 3, 1964, 126-128

TOPIC TAGS: electron beam welding, electron gun cathode, cathode emitter, lanthanum hexaboride emitter, tungsten emitter

ABSTRACT: The Electric Welding Institute, AN USSR, has developed two types of electron-gun cathodes for electron-beam welders. Both cathodes have indirectly heated emitters. The emitter of the first cathode is a lanthanum hexaboride pellet held in a molybdenum cup positioned with a molybdenum rod. In tests, the pellet operated at a positioned with a molybdenum rod. In tests, the pellet operated at a temperature higher than 1700C, ensuring a thermionic current density temperature higher than 1700C, ensuring a thermionic current density of about 20 amp/cm². The contamination of the emitter surface can be of about 20 amp/cm². The contamination of the emitter surface can be prevented by decreasing the solid angle at which the vapors of welded prevented by decreasing the solid angle at which the vapors of relametal can reach the emitter. Or by shifting the beam focal spot relametal can reach the amitter. The second cathode has a tungstan tive to the anode aperture axis. The second cathode has a tungstan

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ACCESSION NR: AP4041033

rod emitter, 2 mm in diameter. With this cathode at an accelerating voltage of 20 kv, a specific energy of 1 kw/mm² is developed at the focus spot, which is 120 mm distant from the anode. In general, cathodes of both types perform equally well, producing electron beams with a specific energy of 10 kw/mm² with a beam current of several hundred milliampers at an accelerating voltage of about 30 kv. Orig.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elektrosvarki AN UkrSSR (The Electric Welding Institute', AN UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: 02Ju162

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KATKOV, Yu.D.; PODCHESOV, E.N.; STROYNOVSKIY, V.V.; ZOZULYA, S.Ya.; mashinist-instruktor; KURAPOV, V.P., mashinist; BOGDAROV, V.I., mashinist; PORTYANKO, V.G., mashinist.

One more circuit for the antislippage protection of YL23 electric locomotives. Elek. i tepl. tiaga 4 no.11:19-21 N '60; (MIRA 13:12)

1. Mashinist-instruktor lokomotivnogo depo "Oktyabr'" Tushnoy dorogi (for Katkov). 2. Machal'nik slushby lokomotivnogo khompayatva Tushnoy dorogi (for Podohemov). 3. Glavnyy inshener depo "Oktyabr'" Tushnoy dorogi (for Stroynovskiy).

(Electric locomotives)

ZOZULYA, S.Ya., mashinist-instruktor

Experience in the operation of a VL23 electric locomotive. Elek. i tepl. tiaga no.1:34-36 Ja '61. (MILA 14:3)

1. Depo "Oktyabr'" Yuzhnoy dorogi.
(Electric locomotives)

ZOZULYA, S.Ya., mashinist

How to act in case of the failure of starting resistances. Elek.i tepl.tiaga 3 no.8:40-41 Ag 159. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Depo "Oktyabr", "Yushnaya doroga. (Blectric locomotives)

ZOZULYA, T.A.; MISHENEO, L.P.; SHESTOPALOV, K.S.; DANILEYSKIY, V.V., redaktor; KOGAN, F.L., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Repair of the MAZ-205 automobile] Remont avtomobilia MAZ-205.

Moskva, Nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo avtotransp. lit-ry, 1955. 195 p.

(Automobiles--Repairing) (MIRA 8:6)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE! Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 APPROVED FOR RELEASE! Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

TSERENYA, N.; KUZNETSOV, V. (Kimry, Kalininskaya oblast'); KARYAZHKIN, M. (Moskovskaya oblast'); ZHUKOV, N. (Khar'kov); LOKHIJA. (Khar'kov); ZENKIN, A. (Vladiminskaya oblast'); TIBABSHEV, T. (Popasnaya, Luganskaya oblast'); NASSONOV, V. (Chelyabinks); SERKEROV, A. (Artemovsk, Krasnoyarskiy kray)

Our readers' letters. Posh.delo 4 no.8:24-25 Ag '58. (MIRA 11:9)

1. Redaktor stennoy gezety "Za protivopozharnuyu profilaktiku,"
Sverdlovsk (for TSerenya).

(Fire prevention)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 GIA-RDP86 98410409 10655 10013-8

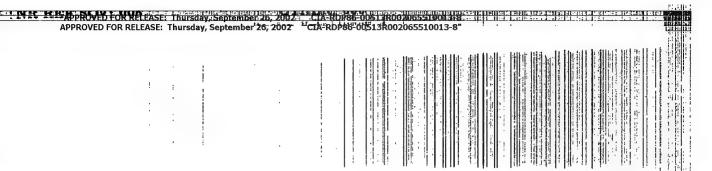
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 GIA-RDP86 98410409 10655 10013-8

103-2-07 ENFIGURE (1) SEWP (1) SOURCE CODE: UR/0226/56/000/005/0103/910 AP6015355 ACC NRI AUTHOR: Zozulya, V. D. The state of the s ORG: Institute for the Problems of Materials Science, AN UKrSER (Institut problem materialovedeniya AN UkrSSR) TITLE: Operating life of porous bearings as a function of impregnating lubricant SOURCE: Poroshkovaya metallurgiya, no. 5, 1966, 103-106 TOPIC TAGS: antifriction bearing, bearing, bearing material, oil, friction machine, lubricant, metal ceramic material/ ZhGrl.5D2.5-2OP bearing material, EK-22 oil, HI-IM friction machine ABSTRACT: To determine the effects of various impregnating lubricants on the operat ing life (between impregnations) of self-lubricating, //porous bearings, bushings of Ing life (between impregnations) of self-luoricating, ([porous dearings, [bushings of ZhGrl.5D2.5-20P were soaked for 1 hour (at 100C) in industrial lubricants 20,50(GOST 1707-51), waviation oil kK-22(GOST 1013-49), Baku petrolatum (GOST 4096-62), and a consistent petroleum product with a melting temperature of 55C (Nefteprodukty i produkty pererabotki tverdykh topliv. Tekhnicheskiye trehovaniya, Standartgiz, M., producty pererapoter twerdyen topity. Technicheskiys transvantys, beindid ogiz, me, 1963). The bearing wear and operating life were measured on an MI-IMPfriction machine at 0.9 m/sec and a load of 50 dynes/cm², using previously described experimental methods of V. D. Zozulya and A. M. Grigor yev (Poroshkoveya metallurgiya, No. 8, mental methods of V. D. Zozulya and A. M. Grigor yev (Poroshkoveya metallurgiya, No. 8, 1965). Curves of bearing wear and bearing life as a function of time, load, and

Card 1/2

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lubricant are presented, as are the curves of the lubricant evaporation (as a fun of operating temperature). It was found that the Baku petrolatum lubricant gave Orig. art. has: 5 figures.							ENTE
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ZOZULYA, V.D.; GRIGORIYEV, A.M.

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Selection of lubricants for iron-graphite sliding friction bearings. Porosh. met. 5 no.8x82-86 Ag 165. (HIRA 18:9)

1. Institut problem materialovedeniya AN UkrSSR.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDR86-00513R002065510013-8 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

21419-66 EMP(e)/EMT(m)/T/ETC(n)-6 MM/JG/DJ/MH NR: AP6009612 A SOURCE CODE: MR/OT

ACC NR.

SOURCE CODE: UR/0369/66/002/001/0089/0091

AUTHOR: Zozułya, V. D.; Ishchuk, Yu. L.

ORG: Institute of Materials Technology, AN UkrSSR (Institut problem materialovellenion AN UkrSSR); UkrNIIgipronelt, Kiev

TITLE: Selection of greases for sliding cermet bearings \

SOURCE: Fiziko-khimicheskaya mekhanika materialov, v. 2, no. 1, 1966, 89-91

TOPIC TAGS: cermet, bearing, lubrication, lubricant grease

ABSTRACT: Under conditions of abrasive wear and humidity, oils have a number of disadvantages in the lubrication of cermet bearings. The authors found that new, compounded synthetic greases are preferable for the lubrication of sliding cremet bearings. High temperature, water resistant, compounded symthetic greases are recommended for soaking and lubricating iron-graphite bearings. Crig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 150ct64/ ORIG REF: 004/ ATD PRESS:4/27/

Card 1/1 176

S/126/60/010/01/010/019 E111/E335

Gavranek, V.V., Bol'shutkin, D.N. and Zozulya, V.F. AUTHORS:

Microfractographic Investigation of the Cavitation

TITLE: Erosion of Metals

Fizika metallov i metallovedeniye, 1960, Vol. 10, PERIODICAL: No. 1, pp. 84 - 89

The authors describe their use of the technique of microexamination of fractured surfaces, previously used by some other investigators (Refs.1-3) in studies of alloy fracture, for getting information on cavitation erosion of metals. Changes in relief of eroded metal after cavitation tests of various durations and the influence of heat treatment and chemical composition on relief structure of alloys were studied. Annealed type 1Kh1318 chromium stainless steel, type U7 carbon steel hardened to martensite structure and tempered for 1 hour at 100-600 °C, types Br.A2, BrA4 and Br.A6 aluminium bronzes in the annealed state and types BrA10, BrA12 and Br. A13 in both annealed and hardened states were studied. Cavitation tests were made with a magnetostriction vibrator (Ref.4) at 75. cps in water. Microexamination of eroded specimens was effected with the aid of Card 1/3

S/126/60/010/01/010/019 E111/E335

Microfractographic Investigation of the Cavitation Erosion of Metals

titanium replicas (Ref 5). Photographs were obtained with a type EM-3 electron microscope at X1200. The characteristic appearance of brittle-fracture relief type 08KP steel and ductile fracture of chromium-nickel steel are shown in Figure 1 (left and righthand, respectively). Orientation and size of planes was also determined and compared with erosion speed (Ref. 6), Fig. 2 illustrates the surface relief of type 1Kh13 steel in the peripheral and central parts of the specimen and after a 3-minute test and the same after 90 minutes. The reliefs of type U7 steel apecimens after tempering at 100, 400 and 600 °C and cavitation testing for 3 hours are compared in Figure 3 and those of Br. A2, Br.A6 and Br.A13 aluminium bronzes after 3-hours' cavitation testing in Fig. 4. The relief obtained with specimens of hardened Br.AlO and Br.Al3 aluminium bronzes after 3-hours' testing is shown in Fig. 5. With the alloys studied cavitation erosion occurs by way of brittle fracture of crystals. The size and mutual orientation of planes from which crystals have broken away determine the erosion stability of the alloy: the smaller the planes and the Carc 2/3

\$/126/60/010/01/010/019 E111/E335

Microfractographic Investigation of the Cavitation Erosion of Metals

degree of their disorientation the greater the stability. Stability can be increased either by hardening and tempering or by additional alloying. There are 5 figures, 1 table and 5 Soviet and 2 French. 7 references:

ASSOCIATION:

Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut im.

V.I. Lenina (Khar'kov Polytechnical Institute im.

V.I. Lenin)

SUBMITTED:

September 16, 1959

Card 3/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

GAVRANKK, V.V.; BOL'SHUTKIN, D.N.; ZOZULYA, V.F.

Photomicrography of the cavitation erosion of metals. Fiz.met. 1 metalloved. 10 no.1:84-89 J1 60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut im. V.I.Lenins.
(Alloys--Corrosion)
(Photomicrography)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

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TARDP86-00513R002065510013-8

Li182-65

FWT(d)/EWP(c)/EWP(v)/T/EWP(k)/EWP(1)

AUTHORS mone

TILL: Fourth actontific and technical conference on "Cybernatics for the hyprovement of measurement and imposetion methods"

SOURCE: Izmeritel' mays teknnika, no. 9, 1961, 58-59

TOPIC TAOS: cybernetics, electric measurement, adjusted computer, electric equipment, electric engineering conference

ABSTRACT: The conference was hold 1-4 July at the All-Union Scientific Research

Institute of Netrolcy by the Soction of Sisterical Measurements of the Council on Scientific Anti-union Marking of the State Constitute, and Coordination of Scientific Anti-union Marking of the Editorial measurements of the Council of Scientific Anti-union Marking of the State Constitute and Coordination Research Institute of Netrolcy Scientific and Tounional Division of the Lonlarged Regional Research Institutes of the Council of Anti-union Marking Scientific and Tounional Division of the Council of the Council of Instituted Scientific and Tounional Division of the Council of the Council of Instituted Scientific and Tounional Division of the Council of Instituted Scientific and Tounional Scientific and Tounional Scientific Anti-unional Marking Scientific Anti-unional Scientific Anti-unional

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 L 41182-65 KUPERSHRIDT (Moscow) -- "On Determination of the Griteria of Acquisoy for Measurement ACCESSION NR. APSCOLIGTT Davidos"; S. M. MANDEL'SHTAH (Loningrad) -- report on a new griberion of accuracy of manaurement instruments; P. F. PARSHIN (Leningrad) -- report on optimization when using Fourier transforms on electronic digital computers; S. P. DMITRIXSY, G. Ya. DOLOTHITSEVA and A. A. IGHATOY (Loningrad) -- proposal of a new nothed for solving problems of optimum filtering for non-stationary random signals and interference;

I. B. CHELPANOV--"Calculation of the Dynamic Cheracteristics of an Optimum Complex Two-Channol System which Uses Signals from a Position Meter and from a Speed Meter's R. A. POLITEKTOV (Loningrad) -- "Optimum Periodic Correction in the Measurement of Continuous Signals"; S. P. ADAMOVICH (Mossow) -- "Analysis and Construction of Devices for Correction of Non-linearity and Scaling for Unitary Coden; G. Y. GORBLOVA for Correction of Non-linearity and Scaling for Unitary Conset U. Y. GUNGLOVA
(Taganrog) -- "A Method for Statistical Optimization in Graduating the Scales of
Electrical Monauring Instruments"; N. A. ZEMEL'MAN (Moscow) -- "Analog -Digital Voltage
Converter with Automatic Seror Correction"; B. N. MALINOUSKII, V. S. KALENCIUK and
Converter with Automatic Seror Correction"; B. N. MALINOUSKII, V. S. KALENCIUK and
L. A. YANOVIGH (Kiev) -- "Automatic Monitoring of the Parameters of the Electrical
Converter with Automatic and Plantage Converter V. D. PEROV (Monaula -- "Operations") Signals of Complex Radio and Electronic Equipment"; V. P. PEROY (Moscow) - "Operational Cybernatics as an Independent Scientific Specialization"; Ken Ke CIV-HO (Leningrad) - "On the Problem of Effective Non-linear Scales"; A. I. MARKHLOY (Moscow) - "Devices" for Preliminary Processing of the Results of Measurements Presented in the Form of Card 2/4

การราช เการาชาวาร เพราะเการาชาวาร เหมือนเการาชาวาราชาวาราชาวาราชาวาราชาวาราชาวาราชาวาราชาวาราชาวาราชาวาราชาวาร

ORNATSKIY, P.P., kand.tekhn. nauk; ZOZULIA, V.I.; DEREVOYEDOV, A.A.

Using electrochemical converters in electric measuring equipment. Avtom.i nrib. nc.1:67-70 Ja-Mr '62. (MIRA 15:3) ment. Avtom.i prib. nc.1:67-70 Ja-Mr '62.

Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (for Urnatskiy, Zozulya).
 Krasnodarskiy zavod izmeritel'nykh priborov (for Derevoyedov).

5/194/62/000/006/026/232 D295/D308

9.2140

AUTHORS:

Faynitskiy, V.K., and Zozulya, V.I.

TITLE:

A bimetallic thermal device as a universal starting unit of automatic equipment for controlling a capaci-

tor battery

FURIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika, no. 6, 1962, abstract 6-2-15 v (Tr. Kiyevsk. politekhn in-ta, Sb. statey elektrotekhn. fak., Kiyev, 1961, 246-255)

THAT: The design of a bimetallic thermal device is considered with a view to its use in various versions of control circuits. Measurement circuits including the device are analyzed, where the controlled quantity is respectively the voltage, total current, reactive current, voltage with current correction, voltage with time-of-the-day correction, and current with voltage cut-off. It is pointed out that the automatic system developed for the control of the reactive power of capacitor batteries, using the bimetal device as the starting unit, is of general application and meets the spe-Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

A bimetallic thermal device as a ...

S/194/62/000/006/026/232 D295/D308

cifications for control equipment of capacitor-battery power in power systems. 7 figures and 7 references. [Abstractor's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

<u>in the project that the property of the falls of the fall so that the fall of the fall</u>

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ORNATSKIY, P.P.; ZOZULYA, V.I.; ZORIN, V.V.

Integrating voltmeters and their use in municipal electric power distribution networks. Energ. i elektrotekh. prom. no.3:10-14 J1-S '62. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.

ZOZULYA, V.N.; KOZUBOV, A.S.; LOSKUTOVA, R.F.; CHERNOZHUKOV, K.N.; YAROSHENKO, F.D.. Prinimal uchastiye: SITNYUK, S.N.. KOLOKOLOV, V.S., prof., red.

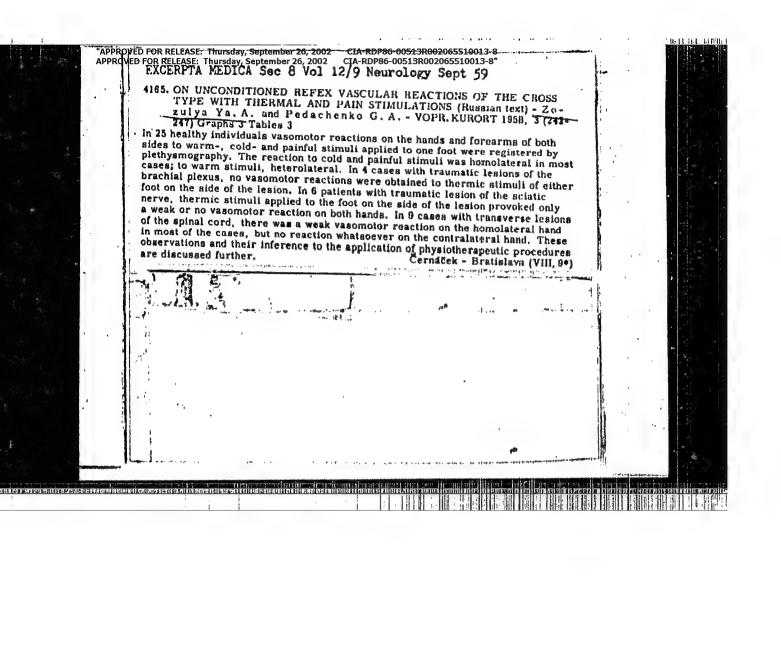
[Chinese-Russian dictionary of scientific and technical terms]
Kitaisko-russkii slovar' nauchnykh i tekhnicheskikh terminov.

32000 terminov. Pod red. V.S.Kolokolova. Moskva, In-t nauchn.
informatsii Akad.nauk SSSR, 1959. 568 p. (MIRA 13:2)

(Chinese language-Dictionaries-Russian)

(Science-Dictionaries)

(Technology-Dictionaries)



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R00206510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00512-8 CIA-RDP86-00512-8 CIA-RDP86-00512-8 CIA-RDP86-00512-8 CIA-RDP86-00512-8 CIA-RDP86-00512-8 CIA-RDP86-00512

GERMAN, A.N., veterinarnyy vrach; ZOZULYA, Ye.A., veterinarnyy vrach; SUKHENKOV, G.Ye.

Sanguinicolosis of carp. Veterinariia 41 no.8:54-55 Ag *64. (NIRA 18 4)

1. Pespublikanskaya veterinarnaya laboratoriya Ukrainskoy SSR (for German, Zozulya). 2. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issladovatel skiy institut rybnogo khenyaystva (for Sukhenkov).

ZOZULYA, Yu.A.

Peculiarities of the distribution of streptomycin in the brain and spinal cord depending upon the site of its introduction into the cerebrospinal fluid. Probl.tub. no.5:25-30 S-0 '53. (MEA 6:12)

1. Iz Instituta neyrokhirurgii (direktor - professor A.I.Arutyunov) i immunobiologicheskoy laboratorii (zaveduyushchiy - professor R.O.Drabkina) Ukrainskogo instituta tuberkuleza (direktor A.S.Mamolat, nauchnyy rukovoditel' - professor M.A.Klebanov).

(Cerebrospinal fluid) (Streptomycin) (Tuberculosis)

USSR/Medicine - Antibiotics

Elem/Oct 53

"The Dynamics of Streptomycin Concentration in the Brain, Depending on the Method of Introduction and the Functional Condition of the Central Rervous System," Yu. A. Zozulya, Inst of Neurosurgery, Min of Health, Ukr SSR; Immunobiol Div Inst of Tuberculosis, Min of Health, Ukr SSR

Vop Neyrokhirurg, Vol 17, No 5, pp 55-€0

Stresses the importance of the application of streptomycin in neurosurgical practice as a prophylactic treatment against tubercular meningitis occurring after a surgical removal of tuberculomss of the

269T36

brain. Expts on animals revealed that the method of ventricular injection is superior to the endolumbar or cisternal. It assures longer retention of an effective conen of the antibiotic in the brain.

"APPRINGIPARELEASE Thursday, September 25, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

APPROVED MONEYEASE, Pureday, September 25, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

Mathod of prolonged drainage of the lateral cerebral ventricles, (HLRA 8:10)

1. Iz Mauchno-iesledovatel skogo instituta neyrokhirurgii Mini(CEREBRAL VENTRICLES, drainage, prolonged)

(DRAIMAGE, OPPOlonged)

Cerebral ventric., prolonged)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8" CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ZOZULYA, Yu.A.; PEDACHENKO, G.A.; OKULOVA, L.P.

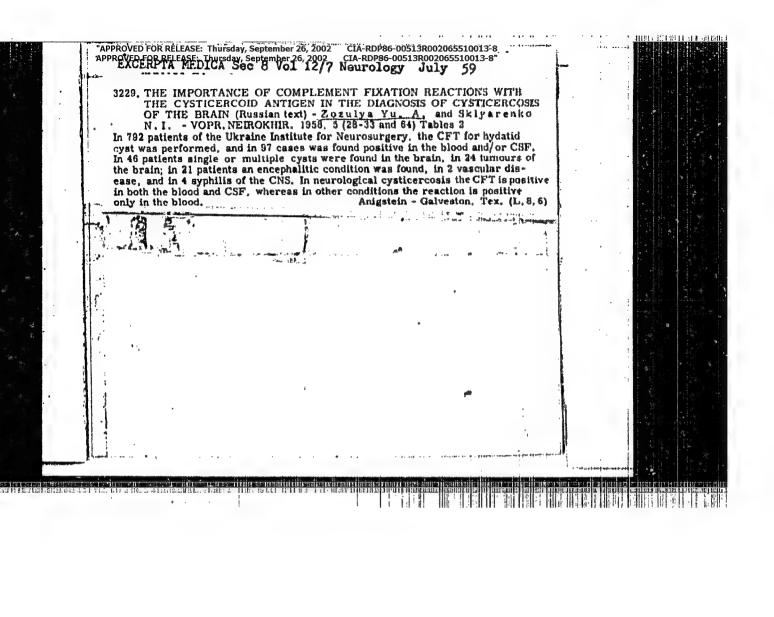
Blochemical changes in ventricular fluid and blood following prolonged drainage of the cerebral ventricles. Vopr. neirokhir. 21 no.2:41-44 Mr-Ap 157 (MLRA 10:5)

1. Institut neyrokhirurgii Ministerstva zdravockhraneniya USSR. (CERMBROSPINAL FLUID

biochem. changes of ventric. fluid in prolonged drainage of cerebral ventricles)

prolonged drainage, eff., causing blochen, changes in ventric, fluid & in blood)

biochem. changes in prolonged drainage of cerebral ventricles)



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ZOZULYA, Yu.A. [Zozulia, IV.O], PRONZELEV, P.A. [Pronzeliev, P.O.]

Disorders in oxidation processes in patients with brain tumors Report No.1, [with summary in English]. Fiziol.zhur. Ukr. 4 no.5:688-695 S-0 '58 (NIRA 13 (MIRA 11:11)

the statistic entire the present

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut neyrokhirurgii, Kiyev.

(BRAIN-TUMORS) (OXIDATION, PHYSIOLOGICAL)

ZOZULYA, Yu.A.; SKLYARENKO, N.I.

Significance of complement fixation reactions with the cysticercosis antigen in the diagnosis of cerebral cysticercosis [with summary in English, p. 64]. Vop.neirokhir. 22 no.5:28-33 S-0 '58.

(MIRA 12:1)
1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut neyrokhirurgii.
(BRAIN, dis.

cysticercosis, complement firation (Rus)) (CYSTICERCOSIS, diag.

brain, complement fixation (Rus))

(COMPLEMENT, fixation in cerebral cysticercosis (Rus))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ARUTYUNOV, Aleksandr Ivanovich, prof., zasluzhennyy deyatel nauki;

ZOZULYA, Yuriy Afanas yevich; OGANESYAN, Sokrat Stepanovich;
ROMODANOV, A.P., red.; GITSHTEYN, A.D., tekhred.

[Tuberculomas of the brain] Tuberkulomy golovnogo mozga. Kiev, Gos.med.izd-vo USSR, 1959. 199 p. (MIRA 13:7) (BRAIN-TUMORS) "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ZOZULYA, Yu.A.; MIKHAYLOVSKIY, V.S.

Gases, alkaline reserve and glutathione of the blood and liquor in brain tumors of varying histostructure. Problemeirckhir. 4:185-208 '59. (MIRA 13:11)

(OXIDATION, PHYSICLOGICAL) (BRAIN--TUMORS) "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

ZOZULYA, Yu.A.; PRONZELEV, P.A.

Unoxidized products in the urine of patients with brain tumors of varying histostructure. Probl.neirckhir. 4:209-222 *59. (HIRA 13:11) (BRAIN-TUMORS)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8

ROMODANGY, A.P.; ZOZULYA, Yu.A.

General somatic symptoms in brain tumors of varying histostructure in children. Problemetrokhir. 4:223-239.59.

(BRAIN--TUMORS)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8" ZOZULYA, Yu.A.

Survey of proceedings of meetings of the Aley and Ale. Hourosurgical Society for 1958. Nov.khir.arkh. no.5 S-0 159. (MIRA 13:3) Survey of proceedings of meetings of the Misy and Misy Province

(KIEV PROVINCE--NEUROSURGICAL SOCIETIES)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
ZOZULYA, Yu.A. [Zozulia, IU.O.]; CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8
CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8
PRONZELEV, P.A. [Promzeliar, P.O.]

Change of oxidation processes following brain operations. Fisiol. zhur. [Ukr.] 7 no.1:107-112 Ja-F '61. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Ukrainian Research Institute of Neurosurgery, Kiev.
(BRAIN-SURGERY) (OXIDATION, PHIBIOLOGICAL)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 PEDACHENKO, G.A.; DANILENKO, G.S.; ZOZULYA, Yu;A.

Diagnostic significance of changes in superficial and deep veins in patients with tumors in the cerebral hemispheres of different localization (angiographic study). Vrach. delo no.11:79-85 N '61. (MLW 14:11)

1. Ukrainskiy institut neyrokhirurgii. Nauchnyy rukovoditel! - zasluzhennyy deyatel! nauki, chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR, prof. A.I.Arutyunov.

(BRAIN-TUMORS)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ZOZULYA, Yu.A.; SERGIYENKO, T.M.

Clinical and experimental study of tembral disculation in the dynamics of intracrantal hypertension, Zhur, eksp. i klin, med. 4 no.2255/65 164. (MiRA 1748)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchn wissledovatel skiy inchitut neyrokhirargii.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ROMODANOV, A.P., ot: red.; ZOZULYA, Yu.A., zam. otv. red.; AGASHEV-KONSTANTINOVSKIY, A.L., red.; KHOMINSKIY, B.S., red.; BROIMAN, M.K., red.; DUKHIN, A.L., red.

[Problems of neurosurgery; clinical, pathophysiological and morphological principles in neurosurgical pathology] Problemy neirokhirurgii; klinicheskie, patofiziologicheskie i morfologicheskie zakonomernosti v neirokhirurgichenkoi patologii. Kiev, Zdorov'ia, 1964. 332 p. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut neyrokhirurgii.

Approximate, phonocypical and process rainal wigness a community to restable multiplication and the process of a terminal state of the process of the proces

i. Berginskiy namebrovia lab varoliakiy knatitub meyrokhirargii (diraktor - doktar redigradk 4.5.8550danov), Kiyev. "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ZOZULYA, Yu.A.

Changes of the cerebral blood circulation in glial brain tumors of supratentorial localization. Zhur, eksp. i klin. med. 3 no.3:3-9 163. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel*skiy institut nayro-khirurgii.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ZOZULYA, Yu.A., kand.mod. nauk (Kiyer)

Changes in the cerebral circulation in the dynamics of intra-cranial hypertension. Vrach. delo no.1:50-56 Ja'64 (HIRA 17:3)

1. Ukrainskiy institut neyrokhirurgii.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8

ZOZULYA, Yu.A., kand.med.nauk (Kiyev, 87, ul. Nishchinskogo, d.7, kv.27)

Balateral momentary angiography of the brain, Klin, khir. no.6: 35-38 Je *62. (MIRA 1615)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel*skiy institut nayrokhirurgii. (ERAIN-RADIOGRAPHY) (ANGIOGRAPHY)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

ZOZULYA, Yu.A., kand.med.nauk (Kiyev)

Significance of the characteristics of the blood supply of cerebral glial tumors for the diagnosis of the degree of their malignancy. Vrach.delo no.2:84-89 F 163. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut neyrokhirurgii. (BRAIN---TUMORS) (ANGIOGRAPHY)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8*

KLINGER, M.I.; ZOZULYA, Yu.I.

Theory of semiconductors with excited impurity sones. Zhur.tekh. fiz. 27 no.10:2285-2290 0 57. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Semiconductors)

AUTHORS:

Klinger, M. I., and Zozulya, Yu. I.

57-10-13/33

TITLE:

Contribution to the Theory of Semiconductors with the Excited Impurity Zone (K teorii poluprovodnikov s vosbuzhdennoy primesnoy zonoy).

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal Tekhn. Fiz., 1957, Vol. 27, Nr lo, pp. 2285-2290 (USSR).

ABSTRACT:

The electric properties of a semiconductor with a fundamental impurity level and an excited impurity zone are investigated. The electric conductivity &, the Hall constant H, and the thermoelectromotive force & were investigated. On the strength of the in-

vestigation following can be said. 1) The (T), G (T), R (T), and C(T) of a semiconductor with an excited impurity some behave qualitative—
by like a semiconductor with a fundamental impurity zone if T is changed. The taking into account of the impurity zone which is more excited than the p-zone in the case of existence of not split up deeper lying impurity zones heads qualitatively to the same results. On the other hand the temperature distribution of G (T) and R (T) is qualitatively similar to that of G (T) and R (T) in Ge at low T obtained by H. Fritzsche and K. Lark-Herovits (Physica, XX, 834, 1954). 2) The impurity concentration in the Ge-sample used by

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the state of the s

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

Contribution to the Theory of Semiconductors with the Excited Impurity Zone.

57-10-13/33

Fritzsche and Lark-Horovitz is low: no lost of the impurity concentration. If, however, the anisotropy of the electronic mass mik and the anisotropy of the dielectric constant with and especially the fact that the excited impurity zone leads to similar results in the paper of F-L-H is taken into consideration, it becomes obvious why already at no lost in Gerat low T the influence of the impurity zone is exercised. This is even the case if it is assumed that the impurity atoms form almost in the fundamental lattice a kind of superstructure — an impurity lattice. Therefore the authors are of the opinion that on the strength of the mentioned paper by Fritzsche one cannot draw the conclusion that an impurity lattice does not exist and that the impurity atoms are statistically distributed in the fundamental lattice. There are 3 figures and 2 Slavic references.

ASSOCIATION: Chernovtsy State University (Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy uni* versitet).

Card 2/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

Contribution to the Theory of Semiconductors with the Excited Impurity Zone.

57-10-13/33

SUBMITTED:

October 5, 1957.

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress.

Card 3/3

ZOZULYA, Z.I., inzh.; VOLODARSKIY, A.V., inzh.

Letter to the editor. Teploenergetika 10 no.7196 J1 163. (MIRA 16:7)

(Boilers) (Fusl)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8" CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

Vacuum Tubes

Using the 6N7s vacuum tube as a kenotron. Radio No. 5, 1953.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress June 1953; UNGL.

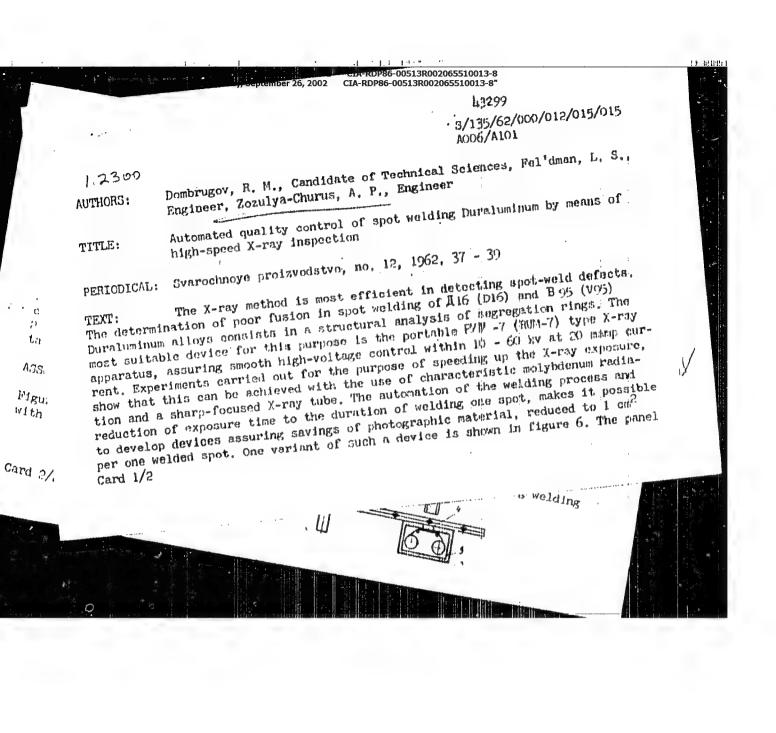
्रांग मार्गक ेच्या का मार्गियाच्या व्यवस्थ के दिवास करें निवास की स्थाप के स्थापन की स्थापन की स्थापन की स्थाप

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

DOMBRUGOV, R.M.; FEL'DMAN, L.S.; ZOZULTA-CHURUS, A.P.

Automation of the X-ray quality control of the spot welding of duraluminum alloys. Zav.lab. 29 no.12:1464-1468 163. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Kiyevskiy politekhnicherkiy institut.



DAULENOV, Sal'kei Daulenovich; ZOZYLYA, Mordko Shlemovich; GUSEVA, N.P., red.; SAVICH, M.P., red.; NAGIBIN, P.A., tekhn. red.

[Water resouces of Kazakhstan] Vodnoe khoziaistvo Kazakhstana. Alma-Ata, Kazakhskoe gos. izd-vo, 1959. 269 p. (MIRA 15:5) (Kazakhstan--Water supply)

DOMBRUGOV, R.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; FEL'DMAN, L.S., inzh.; ZOZULYA-CHURUS, A.P., inzh.

Automatic quality control of spot-welded duralimin by means of high-speed X-ray examination. Svar. proizv. no.12:37-39 D 162. (MIHA 15:12)

ZPANY, Viktor, inz.

Negative resistance of storage elements with junction transistors. Slaboproudy obzor 21 no.7:403-408 Jl.60. (REAI 10:1)

 Vysoka skola technicka, Kosice (Magnetic memory (Calculating machines)) (Junction transistors)

1,11982 \$/858/62/000/001/004/013 Aksenova, G. V., Zrada, O. S., Krugovaya, G. N., Oleynik, Ya. V., Starostyuk, A. K., Cherkashchenko, L. N. and 27 1120 The influence of radiation upon the phosphorous content 77 1220 Chernogalova, A. G. AUTHORS: L'vov. Universytet. Problemna lyaboratoriya radiobiolo-hiyi. Biologicheskoye deystviye radiatsii, no. 1, 1962, and its metabolism in the brain TITLE: TEXT: Frogs were exposed to total body irradiation of 200r (at the brains were then investigation of 10r/min) from a distance of 16 cm. The brains were A hours before the 2 hrs. and 2 5 7 and 11 days after arrosaure SOURCE: 10r/min) from a distance of 16 cm. The brains were then investigated 2 hrs, and 2, 5, 7 and 11 days after exposure. 4 hours before ted 2 hrs, and 2, 5, 7 and 11 days after exposure. 4 hours per 100 g decapitation 0.5 ml of aq. NaH2P3204 of a dosage of 25 Mc per 100 g Weight, was administered by intraperitonal injection. The amount Weight, was administered by intraperitonal injection. The amount of acid-soluble P and its metabolism, the phospholipids and the protein P of the brain were then investigated. Two hours after a protein P of the brain were then investigated. or acra-soruble r and its metabolism, the phospholiplas and the protein P of the brain were then investigated. Two hours after exprotein P of the brain were then investigated. card 1/3

The influence of radiation ...

S/858/62/000/001/004/013 D296/D307

posure, the total P-content in the acid-soluble fraction increased by 12.8% as compared with the control animals. The inorganic Pcontent increased by 11%, the total protein P by 21%, and the content of phospholipids decreased by 23.7%. These changes were even more marked after 2 days, when the total acid-soluble P fraction increased by 27.1%, out of which the inorganic P increased by 31%, the total protein P by 27.8% and the phospholipid content decreased by 42%. Six days after exposure, the total acid-soluble P fractions had increased up to 46.2% and the inorganic P-content by 87%. At the same time, however, the phospholipid content decreased by 23% and the content of protein P by 18%. Seven days after exposure the total acid-soluble P fraction increased by 50% but the total quantity of inorganic phosphate increased by 11.1% compared with the control animals. The phospholipid content was still decreased by 33% and the total protein P by 30%. 11 days after exposure, the total acid-soluble P fraction was still increased by 45% out of which the inorganic P exceeded the values found in the control animals by 36%, the content of the phospholipids was again increased by

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ETT OF THE TELEPOOR OF THE THE OFFICE OF THE STREET FROM THE PROPERTY OF THE STREET. CTA-RDP86-00513R002005-00 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

The influence of radiation ...

S/858/62/000/001/004/013 D296/D307

37% and the content of the total protein P decreased by 39%. Thus the acid-soluble P fraction remained increased throughout the experiment, but the changes in protein P and phospholipids moved in opposite directions. After an initial increase in the protein P level a decrease could be observed, whilst the phospholipids showed an increase. Two hours after exposure, the rate of metabo-Lism, as estimated by the relative specific activity of the fractions, showed changes parallel to those in the P content. After 2 - 5 days, the decrease of the specific activity in all fractions indicated a slowing down of the phosphate metabolism which reverted to its normal level after 8 - 12 days. There are 2 tables. ASSOCIATION:

Kafedra fiziologii cheloveka i zhivotnykh L'vovskogo universiteta (Department of Human and Animal Physio-

Card 3/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CLA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8

LEMANDOWSKI, Wladyslaw; ZRAVIBORSKI, Olbracht

A new apparatus for quantitative diminution of coal and coke samples based on the centrifugal force. Koks smole gaz 6 no.6:

223-229 '61.

1. Instytut Chemicznej Przerobki Wegla

3.1.1. F. :

s/126/62/013/002/010/019 E021/E480

Finkel', V.M., Zraychenko, V.A., Maslovskaya, Z.A., 18.1100

AUTHORS:

The mechanism of crack propagation in steel Bykov, S.B.

PERIODICAL: Fizika metall~v i metallovedeniye, v.13, no.2, 1962,

The propagation of cracks was investigated on a standard micro-apparatus supplied with a device for deforming the samples. The samples had a double-sided groove of 2.5 to 3 mm depth and 50 to 70° angle. A transformer steel and steel (T3 (St 3) were The root of one of the grooves was observed; cracks were produced under conditions of constant loading and the process was wide limits (seconds to hours) depending on the value of the superimposed stresses and the orientation of the grains in the region of the crack. The speed of the cing-camera was therefore. varied from 150 sec per frame to 60 = 70 frames per sec. Results showed that the crack originates from a highly localized plastic deformation zone, extending in the case of the transformer steel to Card 1/2

The mechanism of crack ...

S/126/62/013/002/010/019 E021/E480

a depth of 1 to 3 grains. Transcrystalline propagation occurs by the projection of a "fan" of slip bands. These join in the deformation zones with subsequent growth of cracks. nucleation of cracks in the regions of defects, not rare in The possible transformer steels, must also be considered. observed as bends in the groups of slip planes. These regions word. deformed zone is the direct source of microcracks. The plastically it activates the formation of fracture nuclei in front of the In addition, fracture in regions where slip planes are still not observed. During this process the grain, in which deformation and fracture are taking place, is bordered by extremely fine boundaries. The appearance of boundaries is very marked in the latter phases of separation of the metal. The grains, as it were, are formed into "globules". This is evidence of the part played by grain boundary flow and slip in the process of fracture. 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Sibirskiy metallurgicheskiy institut (Siberian Metallurgical Institute)

SUBMITTED: January 11, 1961

Card 2/2

AUTHOR: Zraychenko, V. A.; Zaymovskiy, V. A.; Sapozhkova, I.; Marko, I.

ORG: Moscow Steel and Alloys Institute (Moskovskiy institut stali i splavov); Siberian Metallurgical Institute im. S. Ordzhonikidza (Sibarskiy metallurgichoskiy institut)

TITLE: Tensile test of thermomechanically strengthened steel with the use of highspeed motion pictures

SOURCE: Zavodskaya laboratoriya, v. 32, no. 10, 1966, 1264-1265

TOPIC TAGS: tensile stress, thermomechanical property, high speed photography, steel, thermomechanical treatment, about tensile test /50KhFA steel

ABSTRACT: A high-speed motion-picture technic was used recording stresses and deformation in tensile tests on thermomechanically strengthened steel. 50KhFA steel specimens, he mm in diameter, were subjected to kw or high temperature thermomechanical tromment and then to tensile tests. A clock-type indicator made it possible to determine the elongation with an accuracy of up to 0.005 mm. The process of tensile testing and indicator reading were filmed with a movie camera at a speed of 32 frame/sec.; the process of necking and local plastic deformation in time were filmed with a speed from 200 to 1600 frame/sec. On the basis of the obtained data, the curves of load dependence of elongation and reduction of area and kinetic curves of necking were plotted. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: // SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1

UDC: 620.172:778.534.8

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CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8
FINKEL', V.M.; ZRAYCHENKO, V.A.; MASLOVSKAYA, Z.A.

Dislocation mechanism of ductile failure of simple crystals of transformer steel. Fiz.met. i metalloved. 18 no.51798-800 N
'64.

1. Sibirskiy metallurgicheskiy institut in. \$1.0rdzhonikidze.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8" FINKEL*, V.M.; ZRAYCHENKO, V.A.; DEYASHKINA, T.K.

Characteristics of cementite decomposition in appoint 12v. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 6 no.10:95-100 '63. (MIF: 16:12)

1. Sibirskiy metallurgicheskiy institut.

FINKEL', V.M.; BEREZOVSKIY, V.N.; ZRAYCHENKO, V.A.

Elastic and plastic deformation of transformer steel. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 6 no.12:126-132 (MIRA 17:1)

1. Sibirskly metallurgicheskly institut.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065510013-8"

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Traychenko, h.; Zraychenko, h.; Toronov, I. N.

erian Metallurgical Institute in. S. Ordzhonikidne (ibir skiy metallurgionessi;

" 2: 150le twinning of ferrosillenn

MOUNCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 160, no. 2, 1965, 329-331

OPIC TAGE: silicon alloy, iron, plastic deformation, twinning, dynamic strest, weallography, high speed photography, photographic equipment

Ad The T: Elastic winning of silicon aron with dynamic loading is reported here.

Light phic structure and the high speed photographic equipment are described.

Which is the structure and the high speed photographic equipment are described.

I would be to structure and the period for setting of plastic deformation.

Light was presented by statementar. A. hebitder on 15 duly 1951. Orig. art.

SUB CODE: 20, 11, 14 / SUBM DATE: 14Jul64 / ORIG REF: OLA

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